Preliminary Results of Systematic Sampling for Stranded Sea Turtles in NMFS Statistical Zones 4-5, 17-21, and 28-32

1 June 1990

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### INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

The Sea Turtle Stranding and

Salvage Network (STSSN) was established in 1980 to collect on dead/injured turtles that wash up on U.S. Atlantic, Gulf of Mexico, and Caribbean coasts. These washups are referred to "strandings". implementation of the network the Southeast Fisheries Center (SEFC) of the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) followed the recommendation of an ad hoc panel assembled at the First World Conference on Sea Turtle Biology, Conservation, and Management, held in October, 1979 Washington, D.C. In the ad hoc report, NMFS agreed to organize implement a network to archive data on sea turtle strandings at the SEFC. network was originally organized in the following way The SEFC STSSN 1980. Coordinator designated a State STSSN Coordinator for each of the eighteen states along the Gulf of Mexico and Atlantic and one each seaboard Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Each State STSSN Islands. established Coordinator network of primarily volunteers collect information strandings within selected areas of the state coastline. In general, these areas were

During the nesting season, beaches were sampled daily for nests and any carcasses encountered were reported. In

near homes or workplaces and

easily

therefore

accessible.

other months, carcasses were reported opportunistically. When beaches were patrolled during the nesting season and no strandings were observed, this information was not reported.

Each time a carcass was encountered, the volunteer completed a standardized form

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Figure 1 Report used to document stranded sea turtles by the STSSN.

and submitted this to the State STSSN Coordinator for verification (Figure 1). Reports are generally collected for each month by the State Coordinator and submitted to the NMFS STSSN Coordinator at the Miami Laboratory who reverifies reports and enters them into the centralized data base.

In 1982 we were unsuccessful in attempting to obtain reports indicating that a beach was surveyed and no turtles were observed. Therefore, even in the few areas where sampling of beaches was accomplished in a consistent manner, lack of records of this effort has prohibited estimation mortality with these data. provide for the estimation of index of mortality from strandings requires consistent sampling of selected accompanied with measure of sampling effort.

In August, 1986 at the Fiscal Year 87 Endangered Species Program planning session held at the SEFC, Miami, it was agreed by the attendees that cost efficient the most approach to develop indices of total mortality was through the systematic sampling of selected sampling zones for stranded When a measure of turtles. sampling effort accompanies the total number of carcasses observed, and it is reasonable to assume that all carcasses reported ora proportion of total strandings are reported, them these data be used to develop comparative indices of total mortality.

This is the first report of examination the data collected via this sampling program which was initiated in and March 1987 phased through 1987 and 1988 within selected areas of the southeast U.S. coast. The objective of this program is to provide indices of total mortality that can be compared between areas years. between particular, the impact of the Turtle Excluder Device (TED) regulations on turtle mortality was to be evaluated from these Unfortunately, data. ΟÎ on/off cycle implementation (Table I) does not allow for any evaluation of of the effect regulations on turtle

Table I On/off cycle of Ted implementation.

mortality at this time. Under regime of full implementation, the index of mortality will be compared to that in this study. Given the lack of TED use within the 1989, 1987 to period present results are considered to be preliminary baseline of total mortality indices without the inclusion of TEDs in commercial shrimp trawls.

### SAMPLING METHODS

The zones selected for this program include 17-21 in the western Gulf of Mexico (Figure 2); 4 and 5 in the eastern Gulf of Mexico (Figure 2); and 28, 29, 31, and 32 in the Atlantic (Figure 3). These zones were selected because of their accessibility to sampling, the occurrence of shrimping, and the historical occurrence of

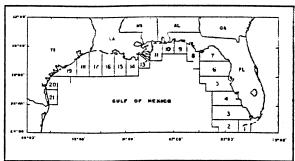


Figure 2 Statistical zones found in the Gulf of Mexico.

significant strandings over the period previous three year (Schroeder 1984-1986 Schroeder 1986; Anonymous 1985). In December 1988, zone 30 was added to this program as a result of a mass stranding of Kemp's ridleys within zones 29, 30, and 31 from November 1989 through early February 1990 (Figure 3). During this brief period about 100 Kemp's ridleys dead on washed up these beaches. To properly document this event we extended our aerial coverage to include zone This zone was added at essentially no additional cost and has been included in this program since Dec. 1988.

The sampling methods used are

consistent within a zone and vary between zones depending on what has been determined to be the optimum survey procedure. Aerial and/or ground surveys are the primary methods used within zones. When aerial surveys are the primary sampling procedure, overflights are accompanied by some level of ground truthing via off road vehicle, foot, or boat. frequency of sampling, length of coast sampled, and methods of sampling are listed in Table II and summarized below.

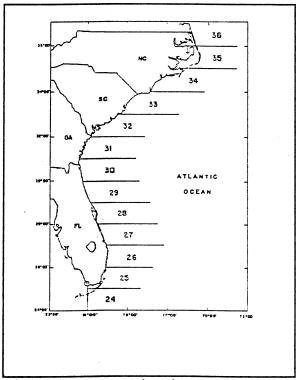


Figure 3 Statistical zones on the Southeast U.S. coast.

Zones 17-21 are surveyed under the supervision of the NMFS/SEFC Galveston Laboratory. Surveys were initiated on March 1, 1987 and are continuing. The length of coast surveyed for each zone is: 57 km in zone 17; 134 km in zone 18; 181 km in zone 19; 117 km in zone 20; and 114 km in zone 21. Surveys. are conducted on a weekly basis in zones 17 and 21 and biweekly within zones 18, 19, and Aerial surveys are conducted over zones 19 and 20, and beach surveys via off road vehicle and foot are conducted in zones 17,18 and 21. These zones are sampled with the cooperation

Table II Summary of length, sampling methods, and sampling frequency for all Systematic Sampling Zone's.

Zn.	Freq. of Samples	Km of Beach	Sample Methods used <sup>3</sup>
4	Var.	111	A,F
5	Var.	111	A,F
17	4/mo.	57	V,F
18	2/mo.	134	V,F
19	2/mo.	181	Α
20	2/mo.	117	A
21	4/mo.	114	V,F
28	4/mo.	135	A,F
29	4/mo.	130	A,F
30	4/mo.	126	A.F
31	Var. <sup>2</sup>	123	$\mathbf{A}$ , $\mathbb{Z}$
32	Var. <sup>2</sup>	170	A, V, F

<sup>1 =</sup> Zones 4 and 5 are surveyed daily from May through September, and weekly from October through April.

of: Dr. rank Judd, Pan American University; Mr. Bill

Luken, National Park Service, Dept. of Interior; Dr. Tony Amos, University of Texas; Mr. Brent Giezentaneer, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Dept. of Andre Landry, Interior; Dr. Texas A&M University; and Dr. Gary Gaston, McNeese State University. All stranding forms are sent to the SEFC from the Texas State STSSN Coordinator, Ms. Donna Shaver, National Park Service, Dept. of Interior.

and 29 Zones 28 have been surveyed weekly by fixed wing, single engine aircraft since A study to 1987. May 1, determine the effectiveness of aerial surveys for stranded turtles was conducted within these zones in May through July, 1987. Weekly aerial and beach surveys were conducted and carcass counts compared from ground and aerial surveys. Results from these comparative indicated for these surveys zones, aerial surveys do not Because carcasses. less overflights require sampling time than surveys and can be completed before there is beach activity that can disturb strandings, aerial surveys were determined to be optimum for censusing dead turtles on open beach. As indicated previously, zone 30 was added when about 100 Kemp's ridleys stranded within zones 29, 30, and 31 in the winter of 1988-1989. The length of beach sampled within each zone is: 135.2 km in zone 28; 129.6 km in zone 29; and 125.9 km in These 30. zones zone under NMFS/SEFC censused contract to Dr. Llewelyn Ehrhart, of the University of

<sup>2 =</sup> Zone 31 and 32 are surveyed weekly from May through September, and monthly from October through April.

<sup>3 =</sup> A - aerial survey methods;

V - surveys conducted by vehicles (ie. boat, truck, All Terrain Cycle, etc.)

F - surveys conducted by foot

Central Florida, Orlando, Fl. All forms are sent to the SEFC STSSN Coordinator from the Florida State STSSN Coordinator, Ms. Barbara Schroeder, Florida Dept. of Natural Resources.

is Zone 32 surveyed by airplane, with supporting offroad vehicle, or foot surveys. is a highly variable This coastal area including barrier islands with wide beaches on carcasses are easily visible to highly vegetated areas where carcasses will only be observed while on foot. However, with this variability in methodology, it is unlikely that many carcasses are not detected and reported throughout the 170.3 km of Surveys coastline. were initiated on October 1, 1987 and are conducted weekly from May 1 to September 30 and monthly from October through April. The expected number of carcasses from the fall through early spring is too low to justify the cost of sampling this difficult coastline. unusual stranding event occurs within this zone from October to April, this will justify increased sampling during this period. Ms. Sally Murphy, South Carolina Dept. of Wildlife and Marine Resources, is the State Coordinator who is for responsible all endangered species data.

Zones 4 and 5 are censused by the Florida Department of Natural Resources (FDNR) through MARFIN funding and sampling began on November 1, 1987. Each zone represents 111

km of coastline which surveyed daily by beach vehicle from May to September to census nests turtleand turtle carcasses. From October through April, FDNR surveys these zones via single engine, fixed wing aircraft supportive ground truthing to verify strandings as needed and obtain tissues histopathological examination appropriate. Aerial coverage is along the Gulf side of the barrier beaches and does not include inside coastal areas of these beached, where the observation of carcasses is extremely limited and where sampling is logistically difficult. Data are received Miami via Ms. Barbara Schroeder.

The last zone to implement systematic sampling strandings was zone 31 which represents over 90% of the Georgia coast, including barrier extensive island coastline. This zone includes 123.2 km of surveyed coastline and was initiated on October 1, Foot patrols, beach vehicles, and airplane are used along various areas depending on the accessibility of the beach and ease of observing carcasses from aerial platform. All coastal areas, oceanside and bayside are surveyed weekly from May through September. Sampling is conducted monthly from October through April for reasons similar to those for Notably, in South Carolina. winter 1989, the no mass stranding of Kemp's ridleys was reported for zones 29,30, and 31. Mr. Charles Maley, Georgia

Dept. of Natural Resources, is the STSSN Georgia State Coordinator.

## ESTIMATION OF MORTALITY

Less than 25% of the strandings are useful for necropsy and tissue examination. Of those that have been examined, cause of death is rarely assigned. Thus, we have not partitioned mortality by possible cause. Based on previous NMFS/SEFC studies, shrimping is probably the most significant cause of non-natural mortality turtles in the water (Henwood and Stuntz, 1987; Thompson, Therefore, while 1988). estimates are only for total mortality, it is presumed that when TEDs regulations are implemented and enforced, total will measurably mortality decrease. As previously lack discussed, the continuity in the required use of TEDs prevents a comparison at this time of pre- and post-TED total mortality and all considered results are baseline for future comparative analysis.

Total turtle mortality per unit of sampling effort (MPUE), where effort is defined as per kilometer surveyed, estimated for each zone and for each month to examine trends within a year. The consistent measure of sampling effort for all zones is length of coast Thus, is it most surveyed. use lineal appropriate to distance as the measure of effort for this program. those contiguous zones that are sampled in the same way on the same day, MPUE was estimated for these zones added together. Contiguous zones that allowed for this second estimate were: Zones 28 and 29; and 4 and 5.

Mortality per unit of effort (MPUE) which is defined as the number of strandings reported per kilometer per month, was calculated as follows:

MPUE = (TS)/(ETK)

TS = total strandings reported within a month

ETK = total kilometers
 sampled within a
 month

For ease of interpretation and presentation, each value of MPUE was standardized simply by multiplying by 100, and each resulting standardized estimate represents monthly total mortality per 100 kilometers of coast.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Estimated values of monthly mortality per 100 kilometers of linear sampling were computed for each zone from January 1987 through December 1989 (Figures These figures to 15). include when systematic sampling began (SS) and when TED's were required (IN) and when they were not required Only within zone 28 (OUT). were TEDs required for the majority of time over this three year period (Figure 11). Within the Gulf of Mexico, the cumulative time that TEDs were required was less than when they were not required.

fact, within most zones during July/August, 1989, TEDs were required from July 1-9, were not required from July 10-19, were required from July 20-23, and were not required from July 24 through August 8. Given this regulatory regime, these results can only be interpreted baseline estimates mortality without TED usage. Comparisons estimated of mortality cannot bе accomplished between periods when TEDs were or were not required because the time periods when TEDs were required were relatively brief compared to when TEDs were not required.

Mortality appeared to be seasonal within most zones. Within zone 32, the peak MPUE occurred from June through August every year. Within zone 31, Georgia, a similar seasonal pattern was demonstrated. pattern of MPUE for zones 28 through 30 appear to be more uniform and high throughout the The only decrease in MPUE appears to have occurred from the period January through March for these zones from 1987 through 1989. Within the Gulf of Mexico zones 4 and 5, peak mpue occurred from about March through May from 1987 through The magnitude of the index varied with the highest level in 1989 following the elimination of the Within zones 17, requirement. 18, 19, and 21 there were no clear seasonal patterns of MPUE the magnitude οf the reported mortality was relatively low compared to all other zones sampled. However, within zone 20, the magnitude

of the mortality index was comparable to other zones and there appeared to be a seasonal peak from April through May, a decrease in June and increasing MPUE from July through August.

Because TEDs were largely not required since publication of the regulations in June, 1987, results cannot interpreted relative to these regulations. These results represent a baseline index of mortality within these selected sampling areas. Notably, while the magnitude of mortality may be different before systematic sampling Was implemented, the pattern of mortality in the eastern Gulf of Mexico and Atlantic zones are similar before and after systematic sampling. This inconsistency in the seasonality of MPUE before and after the implementation of the systematic samples, indicates that the voluntary stranding network probably provided
excellent coverage and that most strandings were reported and recorded. Within these zones, mortality as represented by carcasses washing up on the coast, appears to be highly seasonal. The magnitude of index of mortality is determined by the causes, the relative abundance of turtles prevailing seasonal conditions which wash carcasses up on the coast for detection.

When TEDs are fully implemented, a comparison of MPUE between areas, and between years will be completed to detect changes in this index. This will provide one way for

evaluating the effectiveness of TEDs in reducing turtle mortality, given the rate of compliance with the regulations is known.

# Figures 4 - 17

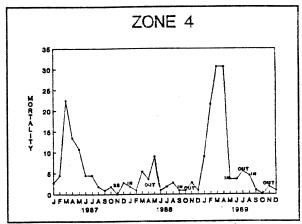


Figure 4 Zone 4 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

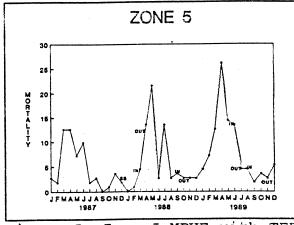


Figure 5 Zone 5 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

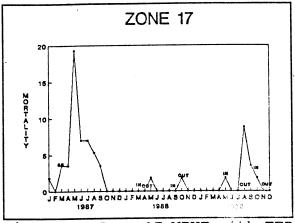


Figure 6 Zone 17 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

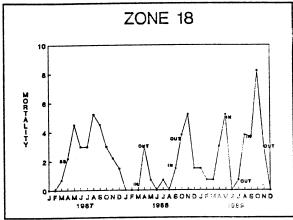


Figure 7 Zone 18 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

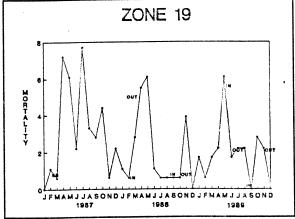


Figure 8 Zone 19 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

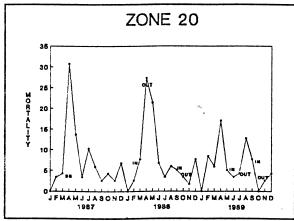


Figure 9 Zone 20 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

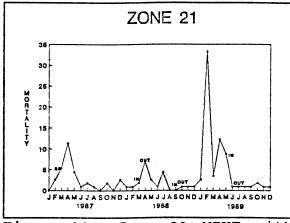


Figure 10 Zone 21 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

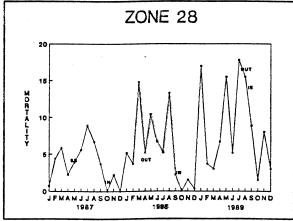


Figure 11 Zone 28 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

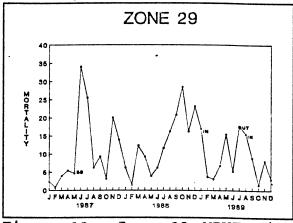


Figure 12 Zone 29 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

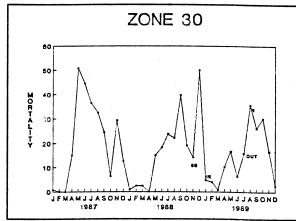


Figure 13 Zone 30 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

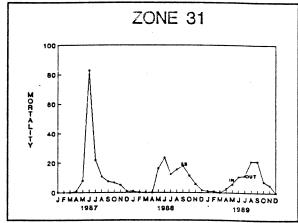


Figure 14 Zone 31 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

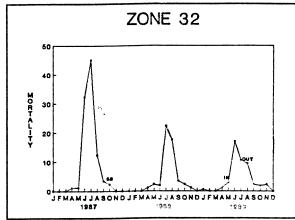


Figure 15 Zone 32 MPUE with TED cycle indicated.

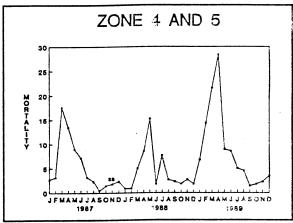


Figure 16 Zones 4 and 5 pooled MPUE.

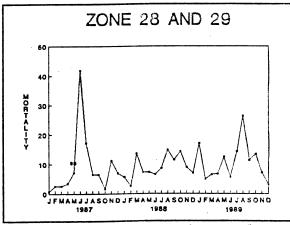


Figure 17 Zone 28 and 29 pooled MPUE.

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# **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

This program is the result of the efforts of Mr. Cleve Booker, Dr. Lew Ehrhart, Mr. Robert Whistler, Ms. Donna Shaver, Mr. Walt Conley, Ms. Barbara Schroeder, Mr. Charles Maley, Ms. Sally Murphy, Ms. Amy Warner, and Ms. Wendy Teas. The quality of these data has been assured by these persons and those sampling the beaches.